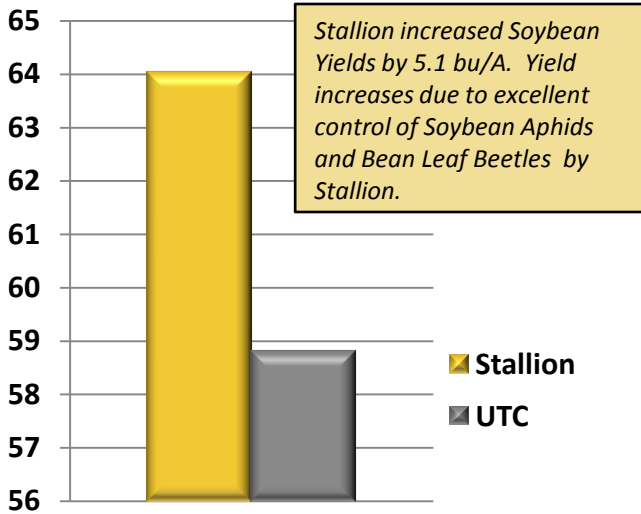


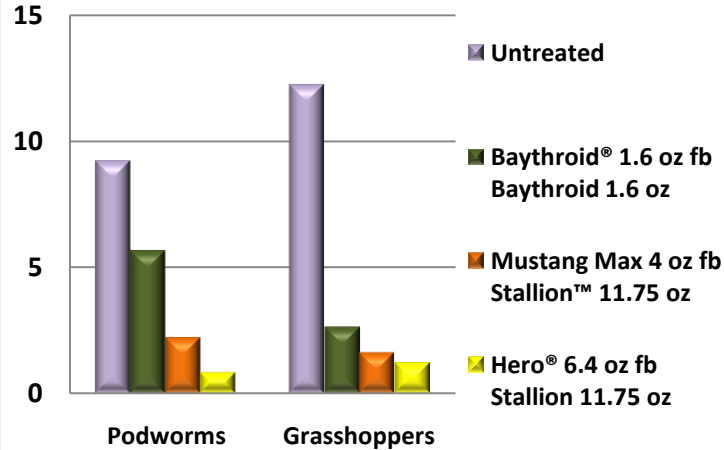


Soybean Insect Control

Soybean Insecticide Trial Summary (4 Trials)
Midwestern Universities
Yield (Bu/A)



Soybean Insecticide Trial – Texarkana, AR
Insects/10 Sweeps 4 Days After Last Application



Take insects out of soybeans. Use Stallion in a sequential approach to soybean insect control.

INSECTS CONTROLLED

Cutworm; Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar; Silver Spotted Skipper; Salt Marsh Caterpillar; Alfalfa Caterpillar; Bean Leaf Beetle; Alfalfa Looper; Blister Beetle; Corn Borer, European; Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult); Cucumber Beetle; Dectes Stem Borer; Flea beetle; Grasshopper; Green Cloverworm; Hornworm; Imported Cabbageworm; Japanese Beetle; Leafhopper; Mexican Bean Beetle; Potato Leafhopper; Seed Corn Maggot; Soybean Aphid; Spittlebug; Velvetbean Caterpillar; Webworm; Woolly Bear Caterpillar; Armyworm, fall; Armyworm, southern; Armyworm, true; Armyworm, yellowstriped; Colorado Potato Beetle; Corn Earworm (Podworm); Cowpea Curculio; Leaf Skeletonizer; Leafminers (adults); Lesser Corn Stalk Borer; Looper; Pea Leaf Weevil; Plantbug; Stinkbug; Three-Cornered Alfalfa Hopper; Thrips; Tobacco Budworm; Whitefly.

Special Information:

- Do not make applications less than 14 days apart.
- Use a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or 15 gallons of finished spray per acre by ground.
- Do not apply more than 11.75 oz/A per application.
- Do not apply more than 35.25 oz/A per season. Do not make more than 3 applications of Stallion or product containing chlorpyrifos.
- Applications may be made up to 28 days before harvest.
- Multiple crop use.
- 12 hour re-entry interval.
- No posting required.
- Two modes of action.

