

# FOR ROW CROP GROWERS WITH A TENDENCY TO OVERACHIEVE

Belt<sup>®</sup> insecticide goes above and beyond in over 170 crops, including cotton, corn, soybeans, sorghum, sugarcane and peanuts.

Belt insecticide from Bayer CropScience helps you triumph over worms thanks to fast-acting performance combined with long-lasting residual control. Its powerful activity stops worm feeding within minutes and can last up to two weeks or more, without flaring mites. Plus, Belt is rainfast after it has dried on leaf surfaces for powerful, lasting control from the start.

Belt is an excellent resistance management tool with no known cross-resistance to any insecticide currently available on the market. Belt is a versatile product, registered on a broad range of row crops and active on all worm pests, including pyrethroid-and organophosphate-resistant populations.

## **BELT DELIVERS:**

- Outstanding worm control
- · Exceptionally fast action
- Long-lasting residual activity
- Excellent rainfastness
- Flexibility across multiple crops
- · Excellent resistance management fit
- Minimal risk to beneficial insects

### A CLOSER LOOK

EPA Reg. Number: 264-1025

Signal Word: Caution

Registered for Use on the Following Row Crops: alfalfa, corn (including field corn, popcorn, sweet corn and corn grown for seed), cotton, peanuts, sorghum, soybeans, sugarcane, sunflower and tobacco

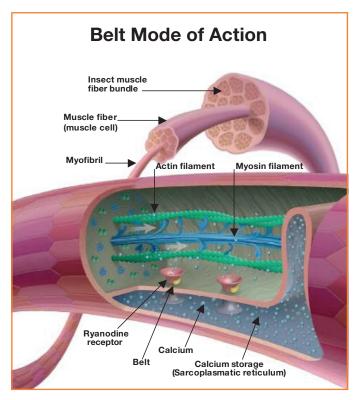
Chemical Class Group No.: Diamides IRAC Group 28

Rainfast: Once dry on leaf surface

Restricted Use: No\*

\*Belt is a Restricted Use Pesticide in New York state.

# **HOW BELT WORKS**



Belt works by activating worms' ryanodine receptors.

- Ryanodine receptors are intracellular calcium channels that are specialized for rapid and massive release of calcium.
- The released calcium triggers muscle contraction.
- Belt causes the ryanodine receptors to stay open and release all available calcium.
- This causes rapid cessation of feeding, followed by paralysis and larval death.

PRODUCT INFORMATION	
Package Size	Case: 4 x 1 gal and 12 x 20 oz
FIELD CROP USE INFORMATION	
Application Rate	2 to 3 fl oz/A (corn, cotton, soybeans, tobacco); 2 to 4 fl oz/A (alfalfa, peanuts, sorghum, sunflower); 3 to 4 fl oz/A (sugarcane)
Application Methods	Ground, aerial, chemigation
Application Timing	Optimal timing to coincide with early threshold levels in a developing larval population
Restricted Entry Interval	12 hours
Pre-harvest Interval	1 to 28 days depending on target crop
ROTATIONAL PLANT-BACK INTERVALS	
Immediate	Alfalfa, Brassica (cole) leafy vegetables, Corn (field, pop, sweet), Cotton, Cucurbit vegetables, Fruiting vegetables, Leafy vegetables, Legume vegetables, Okra, Peanuts, Safflower, Soybeans, Sorghum, Sugarcane, Sunflower, Tobacco and Turnip greens
30 Days	Barley, Buckwheat, Clover, Grasses, Millet (pearl and proso), Oats, Rice, Root crops (root, tuber and bulb vegetables), Rye, Teosinte, Triticale, Wheat
9 Months	All other crops



Rapid feeding cessation will keep hungry worm pests from causing additional damage to your valuable row crops.

# **PESTS CONTROLLED**

- Alfalfa caterpillar
- Armyworm
- Army cutworm
- Beet armyworm
- Cabbage looper
- Cotton leafworm
- Cotton leaf perforator
- · Common stalk borer

- Corn earworm / cotton bollworm
- European corn borer
- Fall armyworm
- Green cloverworm
- Imported cabbageworm
- Leaf skeletonizer
- Lesser cornstalk borer
- Omnivorous leafroller

- Painted lady caterpillar
- Saltmarsh caterpillar
- Silverspotted skipper
- Southern armyworm
- Southwestern corn borer
- Soybean looper
- Tobacco budworm
- Tobacco hornworm

- Tobacco splitworm
- Tomato hornworm
- Velvetbean caterpillar
- Webworm species
- Western bean cutworm
- Wollybear caterpillar
- Yellowstriped armyworm

**IMPORTANT:** This bulletin is not intended to provide adequate information for use of this product. Read the label before using this product. Observe all label directions and precautions while using this product.



